

Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

- Product Name** • **Power Pack Step 2 Fuel System Cleaner**
- Synonyms** • 588057
- Product Code** • 1617; 161712-55; 1617CN; 27607

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Recommended use** • For professional use only
- Restrictions on use** • Read and follow label directions only

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Manufacturer** • Gold Eagle Co.
4400 S. Kildare Avenue
Chicago, IL 60632-4372
United States
<http://www.goldeagle.com/>
- Telephone (General)** • 773-376-4400

Emergency telephone number

- Manufacturer** • 1-800-535-5053 - (INFOTRAC #22283)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

United States (US)

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

- OSHA HCS 2012**
- Flammable Liquids 2
 - Aspiration 1
 - Skin Irritation 2
 - Eye Irritation 2
 - Acute Toxicity Inhalation 4
 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation
 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects
 - Germ Cell Mutagenicity 2
 - Reproductive Toxicity 1B
 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

DANGER



- Hazard statements** • Highly flammable liquid and vapour
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
Harmful if inhaled
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention** • Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground and/or bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Do not breathe mists, vapours, and/or spray.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- Response** • In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water .
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

- Storage/Disposal** • Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Keep cool.
Store locked up.
Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

- Supplemental information** • 0 - 15 percent of this product consists of an ingredient of unknown toxicity.

Other hazards

- OSHA HCS 2012** • Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive
Xylene	CAS:1330-20-7	0% TO 60%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4300 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 5000 ppm 4 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >1700 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4 (Inhl); Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Repr. 1B (Inhl); STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.
Isopropyl alcohol	CAS:67-63-0	0% TO 25%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 12800 mg/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 72600 mg/m ³	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Muta. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.; STOT RE 2 (Eyes, Inhl)
2-pentanone	CAS:123-42-2	<= 15%	Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 13500 mg/kg Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4000 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; STOT SE 3: Narc.; Eye Irrit. 2; Asp. Tox. 1

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

- Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

Skin

- In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do not remove clothing if adhering to skin. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.

Eye

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

- Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media • Use halon replacement or carbon dioxide extinguishers or alcohol foam for small fires. Large fires should be extinguished with alcohol foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media • Water spray or fog can cool fire but may not be effective in extinguishing fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards • Containers may explode when heated.
Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers.
Combustible material: may burn but does not ignite readily.
Many liquids are lighter than water.

Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).
 Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
 Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
 Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Advice for firefighters

- No data available
- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
 LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

- Ventilate the area before entry. Do not walk through spilled material. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Emergency Procedures

- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas.

Environmental precautions

- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
 Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
 Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.
 A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.
 All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
 LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
 LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

- Use only in well ventilated areas. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Do not use sparking tools. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid breathing mist, vapours, spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated place away from heat and ignition sources.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines				
	Result	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	TWAs	200 ppm TWA	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA
	STELs	400 ppm STEL	500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL	Not established
Xylene (1330-20-7)	TWAs	100 ppm TWA	Not established	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
	STELs	150 ppm STEL	Not established	Not established
2-pentanone (123-42-2)	TWAs	50 ppm TWA	50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

Eye/Face

- Wear chemical splash safety goggles.

Skin/Body

- Wear appropriate gloves.

Environmental Exposure Controls

- Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Water white to pale yellow solvent blend.
Color	Water-white to pale yellow.	Odor	No data available
Odor Threshold	No data available		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	160 F(71.1111 C)	Melting Point/Freezing Point	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	pH	No data available
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	= 0.86 Water=1	Water Solubility	Appreciable 10 to 99 %
Viscosity	3 Centistoke (cSt, cS) or mm2/sec @ 40 C(104 F)		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	No data available	Vapor Density	No data available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	VOC (Wt.)	100 %
VOC (Vol.)	100 %	Volatiles (Wt.)	100 %
Volatiles (Vol.)	100 %		

Flammability

Flash Point	54 C(129.2 F) TOC (Tagliabue Open Cup)	UEL	6.7 %
LEL	1 %	Autoignition	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available		

Environmental

Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	No data available		
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Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**Reactivity**

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.

Incompatible materials

- Strong oxidizing agents, amines, chlorinated compounds, and caustic materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

- Excessive heating and/or incomplete combustion will produce carbon monoxide.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information**Information on toxicological effects**

Components		
2-pentanone (<= 15%)	123-42-2	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 2520 mg/kg; Behavioral:Tremor; Behavioral:Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold; Liver:Other changes; Inhalation-Human TClO • 1900 mg/m³; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Respiratory depression; Inhalation-Rat TClO • 100000 mg/m³ 20 Minute(s); Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Conjunctive irritation; Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 13500 mg/kg; Irritation: Eye-Human • 100 ppm 15 Minute(s); Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg-Open • Mild irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat TClO • 4494 mg/m³ 6 Week(s)-Intermittent; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Changes in tubules (including acute renal failure, acute tubular necrosis); Blood:Pigmented or nucleated red blood cells; Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite Changes:Weight loss or decreased weight gain; Inhalation-Rat TClO • 1000 mg/m³ 60 Day(s)-Intermittent; Cardiac:Arrhythmias (including changes in conduction)
Xylene (0% TO 60%)	1330-20-7	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4300 mg/kg; Liver:Other changes; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 5000 ppm 4 Hour(s); Inhalation-Man LClO • 10000 ppm 6 Hour(s); Behavioral:General anesthetic; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Cyanosis; Blood:Other changes; Inhalation-Human TClO • 200 ppm; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Other changes; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Conjunctive irritation; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >1700 mg/kg; Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 5 mg 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Reproductive: Inhalation-Rabbit TClO • 1 g/m³ 24 Hour(s)(7-20D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Abortion; Inhalation-Rat TClO • 50 mg/m³ 6 Hour(s)(1-21D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Craniofacial (including nose and tongue)
		Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5000 mg/kg; Behavioral:General anesthetic; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 16000 ppm 8 Hour(s); Inhalation-Guinea Pig TClO • 980 mg/m³ 24 Hour(s); Sense Organs and Special Senses:Ear:Other;

Isopropyl alcohol (0% TO 25%)	67-63-0	Behavioral:General anesthetic; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • 12800 mg/kg; Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 100 mg • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg • Mild irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 5000 ppm 6 Hour(s) 13 Week(s)-Intermittent; Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Liver:Changes in liver weight; Blood:Pigmented or nucleated red blood cells; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1000 mg/m³ 6 Hour(s) 4 Week(s)-Intermittent; Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Optic nerve neuropathy; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 500 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) 122 Day(s)-Intermittent; Liver:Multiple effects; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes; Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite Changes:Weight loss or decreased weight gain; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 20 mg/m³ 24 Hour(s) 90 Day(s)-Continuous; Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes; Liver:Multiple effects; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 100 mg/m³ 4 Hour(s) 17 Week(s)-Intermittent; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes in urine composition; Blood:Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin cholesterol); Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels:True cholinesterase; Mutagen: Cytogenetic analysis • Inhalation-Rat • 1030 µg/m³ 16 Week(s)-Intermittent; Reproductive: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 3500 ppm 7 Hour(s)(1-19D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 10000 ppm 7 Hour(s)(1-19D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Pre-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetal death; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 7000 ppm 7 Hour(s)(1-19D preg); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system
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GHS Properties	Classification
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Eye Irritation 2
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Acute Toxicity - Inhalation 4 - ATEmix (Inhl) = 7083 ppmV
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 • Aspiration 1
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Skin Irritation 2
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012 • Toxic to Reproduction 1B
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Germ Cell Mutagenicity 2

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

- Acute (Immediate)**
 - Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
 - No data available

Skin

- Acute (Immediate)**
 - Causes skin irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
 - No data available

Eye

- Acute (Immediate)**
 - Causes serious eye irritation.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
 - No data available

Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)**
 - Material may be aspirated into lungs during ingestion and/or subsequent vomiting. Aspiration of this material will cause severe lung injury, chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary edema or death.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
 - No data available

Other**Chronic (Delayed)**

- Repeated or prolonged exposure to Isopropyl alcohol may cause optic nerve neuropathy.

Mutagenic Effects

- Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause mutagenic effects.

Reproductive Effects

- Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause reproductive effects.

Key to abbreviations

LC = Lethal Concentration

LD = Lethal Dose

TC = Toxic Concentration

Section 12 - Ecological Information**Toxicity**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Persistence and degradability

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Bioaccumulative potential

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Mobility in Soil

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Other adverse effects

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**Waste treatment methods****Product waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing group	Environmental hazards
DOT	NDA	NDA	3	II	NDA
	NDA	Limited Quantity	NDA	NDA	NDA

Special precautions for user

- None specified.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- No data available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute, Chronic, Fire

Inventory		
Component	CAS	TSCA
2-pentanone	123-42-2	Yes
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Yes
Xylene	1330-20-7	Yes

United States

Labor

U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

Environment

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	(isomers and mixtures)

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Flammable Substances

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - Accidental Release Prevention - Toxic Substances

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	100 lb final RQ; 45.4 kg final RQ

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
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• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed
U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		
• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
		1.0 % de minimis concentration (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification)
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1.0 % de minimis concentration
• Xylene	1330-20-7	
U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing		
• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed
U.S. - CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances		
• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	
U.S. - CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants		
• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

• 2-pentanone	123-42-2	Not Listed
• Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not Listed
• Xylene	1330-20-7	Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information**Revision Date**

- 28/September/2015

Preparation Date

- 09/September/2015

Other Information

- Schedule B Number: 3811.90.0000.

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- Information presented herein is believed to be factual, as it has been derived from the works and opinions of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing contained in this information is to be taken as warranty or representation for which the Gold Eagle Co. bears legal responsibility. The user should review any recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether they are appropriate.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available